



LIST OF REPORTABLE CONDITIONS FOR ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS*

*Pursuant to Section 9101 of the California Food and Agricultural Code, Title 3 California Code of Regulations § 797 and Title 9 Code of Federal Regulations Section 161.4(f)

WHO MUST REPORT: Any licensed veterinarian, any person operating a diagnostic laboratory, or any person who has been informed, recognizes or should recognize by virtue of education, experience, or occupation, that any animal or animal product is or may be affected by, or has been exposed to, or may be transmitting or carrying any of the following conditions, must promptly report the condition(s) per the lists below. WHAT TO REPORT: Immediately report any animal disease or condition not known to exist in the United States, any event with increased mortality and/or morbidity of unknown cause or source, and any toxicology condition likely to contaminate animals or animal products (meat, milk or eggs). IN ADDITION TO LISTED CONDITIONS, CALL IF YOU SEE: High morbidity or mortality, vesicles, unexplained CNS signs, unusual ticks, hemorrhagic septicemias, unusual larvae in wounds, and/or unusual or unexplained illness. Report any emergency, regulatory, or monitored condition within the provided time frame. Some diseases are listed under the major species of concern; if you see compatible signs for such conditions in another species, PLEASE REPORT!		
EMERGENCY CONDITIONS Report within 24 Hours of Discovery	REGULATORY CONDITIONS Report within Two Days of Discovery	MONITORED CONDITIONS Report within 30 Days of Discovery
MULTIPLE SPECIES General, non-specific conditions: Unexplained high mortality or diseased animals; livestock exposed to toxic substances. - Anthrax (<i>Bacillus anthracis</i>)¹ - Crimean Congo hemorrhagic fever (CCHFV)¹ - Foot-and-mouth disease (FMDV) - Heartwater (<i>Ehrlichia ruminantium</i>) - Highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) H5N1 virus in livestock - Japanese encephalitis (JEV) - Melioidosis (<i>Burkholderia pseudomallei</i>) - Rabies of livestock (<i>Rabies virus</i>)¹ - Rift Valley fever (RVFV) - Screwworm myiasis (<i>Cochliomyia hominivorax</i> or <i>Chrysomya bezziana</i>) - Surra (<i>Trypanosoma evansi</i>) - Vesicular stomatitis (VSV) BOVINE - African trypanosomiasis (Tsetse fly diseases, <i>Trypanosoma</i> spp.) - Avian influenza (HPAI H5N1) - Bovine babesiosis (Cattle tick fever, <i>Babesia</i> spp.) - Bovine spongiform encephalopathy (PrP^{Sc}) - Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia (<i>Mycoplasma mycoides mycoides</i> small colony type) - Foot-and-mouth disease (FMDV) - Hemorrhagic septicemia (<i>Pasteurella multocida</i> B/Asian or E/African) - Lumpy skin disease (LSDV) - Malignant catarrhal fever (wildebeest-associated form, MCFV) - Rinderpest (RPV) - Schmallenberg virus (SBV) / Akabane virus - Theileriosis / Bovine infectious anemia (<i>Theileria parva parva</i>, <i>T.annulate</i>, <i>T.orientalis</i> Ikeda) CAPRINE/OVINE - Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia (<i>Mycoplasma capricolum capripneumoniae</i>) - Foot-and-mouth disease (FMDV) - Nairobi sheep disease (NSDV) - Peste des petits ruminants (PPRV) - Schmallenberg virus (SBV) / Akabane virus infections - Sheep pox (SPPV) and goat pox (GTPV) PORCINE - African swine fever (ASFV) - Classical swine fever (CSFV) - Foot-and-mouth disease (FMDV) - Nipah virus encephalitis (NV) - Swine vesicular disease (SVDV) AVIAN SPECIES - Avian influenza (HPAI and H5/H7 LPAI) - Turkey rhinotracheitis (Avian metapneumovirus) - Virulent Newcastle disease (velogenic viscerotropic Newcastle disease, vNDV) EQUINE - African horse sickness (AHSV) - Dourine (<i>Trypanosoma equiperdum</i>) - Glanders (Farcy; <i>Burkholderia mallei</i>) - Hendra virus infection (HeV) - Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis (VEEV) CERVIDS/LAGOMORPHS/CAMELIDS - Middle East respiratory syndrome (MERS-CoV)	MULTIPLE SPECIES - Brucellosis (<i>B. melitensis</i>, <i>B. abortus</i>, <i>B. suis</i>)¹ - Pseudorabies / Aujeszky's disease (SuHV-1) - Tuberculosis (<i>Mycobacterium bovis</i>, <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i>)¹ - Tularemia (<i>Francisella tularensis</i>)¹ BOVINE - Bovine brucellosis (<i>Brucella abortus</i>)¹ - Bovine tuberculosis (<i>Mycobacterium bovis</i>)¹ - Trichomoniasis (<i>Tritrichomonas foetus</i>) CAPRINE/OVINE - Caprine and ovine brucellosis (<i>Brucella melitensis</i>)¹ - Scrapie (PrP^{Sc}) PORCINE - Porcine brucellosis (<i>Brucella suis</i>)¹ - Pseudorabies (Aujeszky's disease; SuHV-1) AVIAN SPECIES - Fowl typhoid (<i>Salmonella gallinarum</i>) - Influenza A virus H9 and emerging LPAI - Pullorum disease (<i>Salmonella pullorum</i>) EQUINE - Contagious equine metritis (<i>Taylorella equigenitalis</i>) - Eastern equine encephalomyelitis (EEEV) - Epizootic lymphangitis (<i>Histoplasma farciminosum</i>) - Equine herpesvirus myeloencephalopathy (EHM secondary to EHV) - Equine infectious anemia (EIAV) - Equine piroplasmosis (<i>Babesia caballi</i> or <i>Theileria equi</i>) - Western equine encephalomyelitis (WEEV) - West Nile Virus infection (WNV) CERVIDS/LAGOMORPHS/CAMELIDS - Chronic wasting disease (PrP^{Sc}) - Rabbit hemorrhagic disease (RHDV) WHERE TO REPORT: CA Department of Food and Agriculture Animal Health Branch (AHB) District Offices: Redding 530-225-2140 Modesto 209-491-9350 Tulare 559-685-3500 Ontario 909-947-5932 CDFA Animal Health Branch Headquarters 1220 N Street Sacramento, CA 95814 Telephone 916-900-5002 OR US Department of Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Veterinary Services (VS) 10365 Old Placerville Road, Suite 210 Sacramento, CA 95827-2518 Toll free at 1-877-741-3690 REPORT FISH, AMPHIBIAN, CRUSTACEAN, BEE, AND MOLLUSK DISEASES as listed on USDA National List of Reportable Diseases	MULTIPLE SPECIES - Bluetongue (BTV) - Echinococcosis / hydatidosis (<i>Echinococcus</i> spp) - Epizootic hemorrhagic disease (EHDV) - Johne's disease (Paratuberculosis; <i>Mycobacterium avium paratuberculosis</i>) - Leishmaniosis (<i>Leishmania</i> spp.) - Q Fever (<i>Coxiella burnetii</i>) - Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS-CoV-2)¹ BOVINE - Anaplasmosis (<i>Anaplasma marginale</i> or <i>A. centrale</i>) - Bovine cysticercosis (<i>Taenia saginata</i>) - Bovine genital campylobacteriosis (<i>Campylobacter fetus venerealis</i>) - Bovine viral diarrhea (BVDV, HoBiPeV) - Enzootic bovine leukosis (BLV) - Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis (Bovine herpesvirus-1) - Malignant catarrhal fever (MCFV, sheep-associated form) CAPRINE/OVINE - Caprine arthritis/encephalitis - Contagious agalactia (<i>Mycoplasma agalactiae</i>, <i>M. capricolum</i> subsp. <i>capricolum</i>, <i>M. mycoides</i> subsp. <i>capri</i>, <i>M. putrefaciens</i>) - Enzootic abortion of ewes (Ovine chlamydiosis; <i>Chlamydia abortus</i>) - Ovine progressive pneumonia (Maedi-Visna virus) - Ovine epididymitis (<i>Brucella ovis</i>) <i>Salmonella abortusovis</i> infection - Sheep scabies (Body mange; <i>Psoroptes ovis</i>) PORCINE - Porcine cysticercosis (<i>Taenia solium</i>) - Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome (PRRSV) - Senecavirus A infection (SVA) - Swine enteric coronavirus diseases, including transmissible gastroenteritis - Swine influenza (SIV or S-OIV) - Trichinellosis (<i>Trichinella spiralis</i>) AVIAN SPECIES - Avian infectious bronchitis (IBV) - Avian infectious laryngotracheitis (ILT) - Duck viral hepatitis (DHAV) - Goose parvovirus infection (GPV) - Infectious bursal disease / Gumboro disease (IBDV) - Influenza A viruses (see Emergency Conditions for HPAI and H5/H7 LPAI) - Mycoplasmosis (<i>Mycoplasma synoviae</i> and <i>Mycoplasma gallisepticum</i>) - Ornithosis / psittacosis / avian chlamydiosis (<i>Chlamydia psittaci</i>) EQUINE - Ulcerative lymphangitis / Pigeon fever (<i>Corynebacterium pseudotuberculosis</i>) - Equine herpesvirus-1 and 4 infections (excluding EHM) - Equine influenza (EIV) - Equine viral arteritis (EAV) - Strangles (<i>Streptococcus equi</i> subsp <i>equi</i>) CERVIDS/LAGOMORPHS/CAMELIDS - Camelpox (Camelpox virus) - Myxomatosis (Myxoma virus)

¹ Diseases in blue, seen in any species, are also reportable to the California Department of Public Health (CDPH)